## Treasury Management Interim Report

Quarter to 31 December 2010
The quarterly report ensures the council is embracing best practice in accordance with CIPFA's recommendations, by informing members of Treasury Management activity. The last quarterly report actually covered the period to 15 October 2010 (and included October borrowing transactions) and so this report covers the remaining period to the end of 2010.

## 1. The Economy

### 1.1. Recent economic statistics show the following:

- The Bank Base Rate remaining unchanged at $0.50 \%$.
- Inflation remaining well above target, with the January VAT increase and rise in fuel duty adding additional pressure.
- GDP for the fourth quarter is still awaited but it is expected to show that the economy continued to grow at a slower rate that the $0.7 \%$ growth achieved in the third quarter.
- Early indications point to a strengthening manufacturing sector but performance in the service sector is weaker, raising concerns about the sustainability of the recovery.
- House prices remain stagnant. Statistics from Nationwide show that modest rises in the first half of 2010 were reversed in the second half with the average UK house price ending on $£ 162,763$ compared to $£ 162,103$ at the beginning of the year.
- The number of unemployed people increased by 35,000 in the quarter to October 2010 to reach 2.5 million or $7.9 \%$ (up $0.1 \%$ on the previous quarter). Of these 839,000 had been unemployed for over 12 months, the highest figure since February 1997.
1.2 Both the domestic economy and the global outlook remain finely balanced. The implication for interest rates is that they will remain at their current levels and in all probability they will remain there for some time to come.

2. The Council's Investments
2.1 As at 31 December 2010 the council held the following investments:

| Investment | Term | Maturity Date | Interest Rate | Amount invested |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | £m | £m |
| Instant access bank accounts: |  |  |  |  |  |
| National Westminster | N/A | N/A | 1.10\% | 5.13 |  |
| Royal Bank of Scotland | N/A | N/A | 1.10\% | 2.50 |  |
| Santander | N/A | N/A | 0.80\% | 5.00 | 12.63 |
| 15 day notice account: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clydesdale | N/A | N/A | 0.75\% | 5.00 | 5.00 |
| Instant access Money Market Funds: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime Rate | N/A | N/A | 0.81\% | 5.00 |  |
| Ignis | N/A | N/A | 0.68\% | 4.39 | 9.39 |
| Rolling monthly programme of $£ 1$ million one year term deposits: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lloyds | 364 days | 27/07/11 | 1.95\% | 1.00 |  |
| Lloyds | 364 days | 19/08/11 | 1.95\% | 1.00 |  |
| Barclays | 364 days | 16/09/11 | 1.46\% | 1.00 |  |
| Nationwide | 334 days | 25/10/11 | 1.25\% | 1.00 |  |
| Nationwide | 364 days | 24/11/11 | 1.33\% | 1.00 | 5.00 |


2.3 There has been no change in the bank base rate during the quarter and the council's treasury adviser has provided the following forecast of the bank base rate (forecast provided December 2010):

| Bank Rate | Dec-10 | Mar-11 | Jun-11 | Sep-11 | Dec-11 | Mar-12 | Jun-12 | Sep-12 | Dec-12 | Mar-13 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Upside risk |  | +0.25 | +0.25 | +0.25 | +0.50 | +0.50 | +0.50 | +0.50 | +0.50 | +0.50 |
| Central case | $\mathbf{0 . 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 7 5}$ |
| Downside risk |  |  |  | -0.25 | -0.50 | -0.50 | -0.50 | -0.50 | -0.50 | -0.50 |

2.5 The council has earned interest on its investments as follows:

| Month | Average Invested £m | Average rate of interest earned | Amount of interest earned |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 2010 | 23.7 | 1.02\% | £19,866 |
| May 2010 | 30.5 | 0.94\% | £24,156 |
| June 2010 | 44.7 | 0.80\% | £29,272 |
| July 2010 | 49.3 | 0.85\% | £35,726 |
| August 2010 | 41.4 | 1.01\% | £35,136 |
| September 2010 | 47.6 | 1.09\% | £38,175 |
| October 2010 | 48.8 | 0.97\% | £40,386 |
| November 2010 | 44.4 | 1.04\% | £37,763 |
| December 2010 | 42.7 | 1.16\% | £39,623 |
| Total |  |  | £300,103 |

2.6 The 2010/11 budget for interest receivable is $£ 249 \mathrm{k}$. Whilst the above figures are before deducting interest paid out to third parties (such as schools and trust funds), and although balances fall sharply in the last few months of the year, the current projection is for investment income to exceed budget by around $£ 100 \mathrm{k}$. The actual surplus will depend upon borrowing activity in the last few months of the financial year.

## 3. The Council's Borrowing

3.1 The council's borrowing transactions in the period to 15 October 2010 were detailed in the last quarterly report. No loans (including short-term) were taken out in the subsequent period to 31 December 2010.
3.2 Year to date the council has taken out net new PWLB borrowing of $£ 12$ million (new loans of $£ 27$ million less $£ 15$ million repaid). Based on the capital programme for 2010-11, and after deducting slippage, it is estimated that the council will need to take out additional new borrowing of $£ 3-£ 4$ million to fund capital expenditure. In addition, short-term borrowing may be needed to cover day to day liquidity requirements around the year end.

## Quarter to 31 December 2010

3.3 The extent of the underspend against budget will depend on the timing of loans taken out and whether it is decided to take out short-term loans from the market or a longer term PWLB loan. Depending upon which option is chosen, the projected underspend is in the region of $£ 1.04$ to $£ 1.09$ million.

